organic compounds

3966 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.034$ 

2650 independent reflections

1571 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

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# (E)-N-(2,3,4-Trimethoxy-6-methylbenzylidene)aniline

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; *R* factor = 0.053; *wR* factor = 0.170; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.7.

In the title compound,  $C_{17}H_{19}NO_3$ , the C-C=N-C torsion angle between the benzene and phenyl rings is -177.3 (2)°, and the dihedral angle between the rings is 54.6 (2)°. The crystal structure is stabilized by intramolecular hydrogen bonds and weak  $\pi$ - $\pi$  and C-H··· $\pi$  interactions.

#### **Related literature**

For related literature, see: Zhang et al. (2005).



# Experimental

Crystal data

C17H19NO3	$\gamma = 92.7000 \ (10)^{\circ}$
$M_r = 285.33$	$V = 769.8 (2) \text{ Å}^3$
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	Z = 2
a = 8.3126 (13)  Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
b = 9.9938 (17) Å	$\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 10.8661 (19)  Å	T = 298 (2) K
$\alpha = 110.102 \ (2)^{\circ}$	$0.50 \times 0.48 \times 0.47 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 111.995 \ (2)^{\circ}$	

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 1997)  $T_{\rm min} = 0.959, T_{\rm max} = 0.962$ 

#### Refinement

 $\begin{array}{ll} R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.053 & 194 \text{ parameters} \\ wR(F^2) = 0.170 & H\text{-atom parameters constrained} \\ S = 1.00 & \Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \\ 2650 \text{ reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \end{array}$ 

#### Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg2 is the centroid of the ring C12–C17.

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-{\rm H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
C1-H1···O1	0.93	2.32	2.714 (3)	105
C8-H8C···O2	0.96	2.47	3.062 (5)	120
C9−H9C···O1	0.96	2.53	3.079 (4)	116
$C10-H10C\cdots Cg2^{i}$	0.96	2.98	3.894 (4)	160

Symmetry code: (i) x, y + 1, z.

#### Table 2

 $\pi$ - $\pi$  interactions (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the ring C2–C7. The offset is defined as the distance between CgI and the perpendicular projection of CgJ on ring I.

$CgI \cdots CgJ$	$CgI \cdots CgJ$	Dihedral angle	Interplanar distance	Offset
$Cg1 \cdots Cg1^{i}$	4.236 (1)	0	3.523 (1)	2.352
C	L. (1) 1 1	2		

Symmetry code: (i) 1 - x, 1 - y, 2 - z.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BX2141).

#### References

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o1219 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808016620]

## (E)-N-(2,3,4-Trimethoxy-6-methylbenzylidene)aniline

## H. Zhang

## Comment

The preparation, properties and applications of Schiff bases are important in the development of coordination chemistry. In this paper, the structure of the title compound, (I), is reported. The molecular structure of (I) is illustrated in Fig. 1. The bond lengths and angles of the title compound agree with those in the related compound 2,3,4-Trimethoxy-6-methylbenzaldehyde (Zhang *et al.*, 2005), as representative example. The dihedral angle between the two phenyl rings is 125.4 (2)°. The crystal structure is stabilized by an intramolecular hydrogen bonding and weak  $\pi$ - $\pi$  and C—H··· $\pi$  interactions (Table 1 and Table 2).

## **Experimental**

To a solution of p-toluidine (0.535 g, 5 mmol) and potassium acetate (0.980 g, 10 mmol) in distilled water (10 ml), 2,3,4-Trimethoxy-6-methylbenzaldehyde (1.04 g, 5 mmol) in ethylalcohol (20 ml) was added drop by drop, the solution was stirred for 1 h at reflux temperature. The precipitate was filtered and dried. 10 mg of (I) was dissolved in 15 ml ethanol and the solution was allowed to evaporate at room temperature. Straw yellow single crystals of the title compound were formed after one week.

### Refinement

The H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å) and refined as riding with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$  or 1.5  $U_{eq}(methyl C)$ .

### **Figures**



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), drawn with 30% probability ellipsoids.

### (E)-N-(2,3,4-Trimethoxy-6-methylbenzylidene)aniline

Crystal data	
C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>19</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>	Z = 2
$M_r = 285.33$	$F_{000} = 304$
Triclinic, <i>P</i> T	$D_{\rm x} = 1.231 {\rm ~Mg~m^{-3}}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 8.3126 (13)  Å	Cell parameters from 1209 reflections

<i>b</i> = 9.9938 (17) Å
c = 10.8661 (19)  Å
$\alpha = 110.102 \ (2)^{\circ}$
$\beta = 111.995 \ (2)^{\circ}$
$\gamma = 92.7000 \ (10)^{\circ}$
$V = 769.8 (2) \text{ Å}^3$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	2650 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1571 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.034$
T = 298(2)  K	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^{\circ}$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\min} = 2.2^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 1997)	$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
$T_{\min} = 0.959, T_{\max} = 0.962$	$k = -7 \rightarrow 11$
3966 measured reflections	$l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

 $\theta = 2.4 - 26.5^{\circ}$ 

 $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 298 (2) K Block, yellow

 $0.50\times0.48\times0.47~mm$ 

#### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.053$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.170$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0809P)^2 + 0.0591P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
S = 1.00	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
2650 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
194 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Determine the state of the stat	

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Extinction correction: none

### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$
N1	0.6434 (3)	0.0882 (2)	0.7849 (2)	0.0637 (6)
01	0.1396 (2)	0.11706 (18)	0.64766 (19)	0.0619 (5)
O2	0.0101 (2)	0.3729 (2)	0.67375 (19)	0.0642 (5)
03	0.2329 (2)	0.62688 (18)	0.78978 (19)	0.0626 (5)
C1	0.4895 (3)	0.1089 (3)	0.7390 (3)	0.0489 (6)
H1	0.3988	0.0268	0.6846	0.059*
C2	0.4379 (3)	0.2505 (2)	0.7625 (2)	0.0424 (6)
C3	0.2546 (3)	0.2493 (2)	0.7129 (2)	0.0457 (6)
C4	0.1898 (3)	0.3749 (3)	0.7225 (2)	0.0468 (6)
C5	0.3079 (3)	0.5078 (3)	0.7853 (2)	0.0471 (6)
C6	0.4884 (3)	0.5112 (3)	0.8370 (2)	0.0470 (6)
Н6	0.5664	0.6004	0.8804	0.056*
C7	0.5564 (3)	0.3853 (3)	0.8261 (2)	0.0452 (6)
C8	0.0442 (5)	0.0901 (4)	0.7236 (4)	0.0963 (11)
H8A	0.1254	0.0873	0.8125	0.144*
H8B	-0.0376	-0.0015	0.6660	0.144*
H8C	-0.0198	0.1663	0.7438	0.144*
C9	-0.0840 (4)	0.3143 (4)	0.5226 (3)	0.0889 (11)
H9A	-0.0245	0.3586	0.4815	0.133*
H9B	-0.2018	0.3333	0.4977	0.133*
Н9С	-0.0900	0.2112	0.4858	0.133*
C10	0.3479 (4)	0.7643 (3)	0.8476 (3)	0.0751 (9)
H10A	0.4278	0.7854	0.9456	0.113*
H10B	0.2790	0.8385	0.8448	0.113*
H10C	0.4144	0.7616	0.7915	0.113*
C11	0.7545 (3)	0.4004 (3)	0.8838 (3)	0.0616 (7)
H11A	0.8096	0.5015	0.9259	0.092*
H11B	0.7866	0.3496	0.8066	0.092*
H11C	0.7936	0.3599	0.9558	0.092*
C12	0.6728 (3)	-0.0566 (3)	0.7476 (3)	0.0504 (6)
C13	0.7910 (3)	-0.0901 (3)	0.8552 (3)	0.0649 (8)
H13	0.8417	-0.0205	0.9492	0.078*
C14	0.8357 (4)	-0.2241 (3)	0.8266 (4)	0.0736 (8)
H14	0.9156	-0.2451	0.9009	0.088*
C15	0.7636 (5)	-0.3261 (3)	0.6901 (4)	0.0758 (9)
H15	0.7945	-0.4169	0.6708	0.091*
C16	0.6450 (4)	-0.2958 (3)	0.5803 (3)	0.0746 (9)
H16	0.5953	-0.3660	0.4867	0.090*
C17	0.5994 (4)	-0.1610 (3)	0.6089 (3)	0.0614 (7)
H17	0.5190	-0.1404	0.5345	0.074*
14				
Atomic displacement	nt parameters (A <sup>-</sup> )			

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
-	-	-	-	-	-

# supplementary materials

N1	0.0507 (14)	0.0530 (14)	0.0845 (16)	0.0168 (11)	0.0250 (12)	0.0260 (12)
01	0.0464 (10)	0.0564 (11)	0.0774 (13)	0.0030 (8)	0.0300 (9)	0.0160 (9)
O2	0.0420 (10)	0.0785 (13)	0.0730 (13)	0.0211 (9)	0.0266 (9)	0.0264 (10)
O3	0.0661 (12)	0.0558 (11)	0.0766 (12)	0.0272 (9)	0.0343 (10)	0.0311 (9)
C1	0.0447 (15)	0.0542 (15)	0.0534 (14)	0.0107 (12)	0.0250 (12)	0.0224 (12)
C2	0.0423 (13)	0.0477 (14)	0.0424 (13)	0.0130 (11)	0.0208 (11)	0.0194 (10)
C3	0.0430 (14)	0.0489 (15)	0.0461 (13)	0.0089 (11)	0.0227 (11)	0.0150 (11)
C4	0.0398 (14)	0.0578 (16)	0.0471 (14)	0.0158 (12)	0.0220 (11)	0.0202 (11)
C5	0.0522 (15)	0.0507 (15)	0.0475 (14)	0.0196 (12)	0.0266 (12)	0.0219 (11)
C6	0.0465 (14)	0.0481 (14)	0.0461 (13)	0.0063 (11)	0.0197 (11)	0.0181 (11)
C7	0.0427 (14)	0.0535 (15)	0.0458 (13)	0.0130 (12)	0.0214 (11)	0.0230 (11)
C8	0.110 (3)	0.081 (2)	0.134 (3)	0.0123 (19)	0.084 (3)	0.046 (2)
C9	0.0557 (18)	0.108 (3)	0.075 (2)	0.0228 (18)	0.0085 (16)	0.0230 (19)
C10	0.094 (2)	0.0561 (18)	0.080 (2)	0.0248 (16)	0.0366 (18)	0.0302 (15)
C11	0.0456 (15)	0.0611 (17)	0.0775 (18)	0.0098 (12)	0.0219 (14)	0.0304 (14)
C12	0.0419 (14)	0.0499 (15)	0.0683 (17)	0.0136 (11)	0.0293 (13)	0.0256 (13)
C13	0.0525 (16)	0.0590 (17)	0.0702 (18)	0.0132 (13)	0.0153 (14)	0.0215 (14)
C14	0.0603 (18)	0.071 (2)	0.094 (2)	0.0209 (15)	0.0252 (17)	0.0437 (18)
C15	0.094 (2)	0.0582 (19)	0.104 (3)	0.0350 (17)	0.061 (2)	0.0383 (18)
C16	0.099 (2)	0.0641 (19)	0.0689 (19)	0.0214 (17)	0.0485 (18)	0.0202 (15)
C17	0.0710 (18)	0.0653 (18)	0.0662 (18)	0.0230 (14)	0.0393 (15)	0.0334 (15)

# Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C1	1.244 (3)	С9—Н9А	0.9600
N1—C12	1.422 (3)	С9—Н9В	0.9600
O1—C3	1.376 (3)	С9—Н9С	0.9600
O1—C8	1.416 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9600
O2—C4	1.382 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9600
O2—C9	1.409 (3)	C10—H10C	0.9600
O3—C5	1.363 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9600
O3—C10	1.423 (3)	C11—H11B	0.9600
C1—C2	1.464 (3)	C11—H11C	0.9600
C1—H1	0.9300	C12—C13	1.373 (4)
C2—C7	1.410 (3)	C12—C17	1.379 (4)
C2—C3	1.411 (3)	C13—C14	1.370 (4)
C3—C4	1.375 (3)	С13—Н13	0.9300
C4—C5	1.396 (3)	C14—C15	1.355 (4)
C5—C6	1.385 (3)	C14—H14	0.9300
C6—C7	1.389 (3)	C15—C16	1.372 (4)
С6—Н6	0.9300	C15—H15	0.9300
C7—C11	1.505 (3)	C16—C17	1.380 (4)
C8—H8A	0.9600	C16—H16	0.9300
C8—H8B	0.9600	C17—H17	0.9300
C8—H8C	0.9600		
C1—N1—C12	119.4 (2)	О2—С9—Н9С	109.5
C3—O1—C8	116.2 (2)	Н9А—С9—Н9С	109.5
C4—O2—C9	114.82 (19)	Н9В—С9—Н9С	109.5
C5—O3—C10	117.8 (2)	O3—C10—H10A	109.5

N1—C1—C2	126.0 (2)	O3—C10—H10B	109.5
N1—C1—H1	117.0	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C2—C1—H1	117.0	O3—C10—H10C	109.5
C7—C2—C3	118.4 (2)	H10A-C10-H10C	109.5
C7—C2—C1	125.0 (2)	H10B-C10-H10C	109.5
C3—C2—C1	116.5 (2)	C7—C11—H11A	109.5
C4—C3—O1	120.0 (2)	C7—C11—H11B	109.5
C4—C3—C2	121.8 (2)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
O1—C3—C2	118.1 (2)	С7—С11—Н11С	109.5
C3—C4—O2	121.5 (2)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C3—C4—C5	119.4 (2)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
O2—C4—C5	119.1 (2)	C13—C12—C17	118.6 (2)
O3—C5—C6	124.8 (2)	C13—C12—N1	117.4 (2)
O3—C5—C4	115.7 (2)	C17—C12—N1	123.8 (2)
C6—C5—C4	119.5 (2)	C14—C13—C12	121.1 (3)
C5—C6—C7	122.0 (2)	C14—C13—H13	119.4
С5—С6—Н6	119.0	C12-C13-H13	119.4
С7—С6—Н6	119.0	C15-C14-C13	120.0 (3)
C6—C7—C2	118.9 (2)	C15—C14—H14	120.0
C6—C7—C11	117.9 (2)	C13—C14—H14	120.0
C2—C7—C11	123.2 (2)	C14—C15—C16	120.2 (3)
O1—C8—H8A	109.5	C14—C15—H15	119.9
O1—C8—H8B	109.5	C16—C15—H15	119.9
H8A—C8—H8B	109.5	C15—C16—C17	119.9 (3)
O1—C8—H8C	109.5	C15-C16-H16	120.0
H8A—C8—H8C	109.5	C17—C16—H16	120.0
H8B—C8—H8C	109.5	C12-C17-C16	120.1 (3)
О2—С9—Н9А	109.5	С12—С17—Н17	119.9
O2—C9—H9B	109.5	С16—С17—Н17	119.9
Н9А—С9—Н9В	109.5		
C12—N1—C1—C2	-177.3 (2)	O2—C4—C5—C6	178.8 (2)
N1—C1—C2—C7	8.3 (4)	O3—C5—C6—C7	-178.4 (2)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-173.8 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C7	1.2 (3)
C8—O1—C3—C4	-70.8 (3)	C5—C6—C7—C2	-1.1 (3)
C8—O1—C3—C2	112.1 (3)	C5—C6—C7—C11	179.2 (2)
C7—C2—C3—C4	1.3 (3)	C3—C2—C7—C6	-0.2 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-176.7 (2)	C1—C2—C7—C6	177.7 (2)
C7—C2—C3—O1	178.33 (19)	C3—C2—C7—C11	179.6 (2)
C1—C2—C3—O1	0.3 (3)	C1—C2—C7—C11	-2.6 (4)
O1—C3—C4—O2	3.0 (3)	C1—N1—C12—C13	-136.1 (3)
C2—C3—C4—O2	-180.0 (2)	C1—N1—C12—C17	48.6 (4)
O1—C3—C4—C5	-178.2 (2)	C17—C12—C13—C14	-0.1 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.2 (3)	N1—C12—C13—C14	-175.7 (2)
C9—O2—C4—C3	-72.5 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.3 (4)
C9—O2—C4—C5	108.7 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-0.3 (5)
C10-O3-C5-C6	2.1 (3)	C14—C15—C16—C17	0.2 (4)
C10—O3—C5—C4	-177.6 (2)	C13—C12—C17—C16	0.0 (4)
C3—C4—C5—O3	179.6 (2)	N1—C12—C17—C16	175.2 (2)
O2—C4—C5—O3	-1.6 (3)	C15-C16-C17-C12	0.0 (4)

## C3—C4—C5—C6 -0.1 (3)

# Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· $A$
С1—Н1…О1	0.93	2.32	2.714 (3)	105
С8—Н8С…О2	0.96	2.47	3.062 (5)	120
С9—Н9С…О1	0.96	2.53	3.079 (4)	116
C10—H10C···Cg2 <sup>i</sup>	0.96	2.98	3.894 (4)	160
Symmetry codes: (i) $x$ , $y+1$ , $z$ .				

## Table 2

 $\pi$ - $\pi$  interactions (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of ring C2–C7. The offset is defined as the distance between CgI and the perpendicular projection of CgJ on ring I.							
CgI-CgJ	CgI…CgJ	Dihedral angle	Interplanar distance	Offset			
Cg1-Cg1i	4.236 (1)	0	3.523 (1)	2.352			
Symmetry code: (i) 1-x, 1-	-y, 2-z.						



Fig. 1